This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

37. (Currently Amended) A method of selecting an asphalt mixture for making an interlayer for a roadway, comprising:

providing at least one asphalt mixture comprised of a polymermodified binder and <u>hard</u> aggregate <u>wherein the hard aggregate</u>
is present in the at least one asphalt mixture in an amount
greater than about 15% by weight;

performing a stability test on said at least one asphalt mixture;

performing a fatigue test on said at least one asphalt mixture; and

selecting an asphalt mixture for said interlayer after performing said

stability and fatigue tests based on stability and fatigue

performance of said at least one asphalt mixture.

- 38. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 37, wherein said stability test is a Hveem Stability test and wherein said selected asphalt mixture has a Hveem Stability at 60°C and 50 gyrations of at least about 18.
- 39. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 37, wherein said fatigue test is a Flexural Beam Fatigue Test and said selected asphalt mixture has a Flexural Beam Fatigue of at least about 100,000 cycles at 2000

microstrains, 10 Hz, about 204% air voids, and at a temperature of about 0 to 30°C.

- 40. (Previously Presented) The method claim 37, further comprising: adding a cross-linking agent to said binder before performing said stability and fatigue tests on said at least one asphalt mixture.
- 41. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 37, wherein polymer is mixed with said binder under low shear blending conditions.
- 42. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 37, further comprising:

 prior to said providing step, determining the shear modulus, strain tolerance, and the bending creep stiffness of at least one polymer-modified binder; and
 - selecting said binder for making said at least one asphalt mixture after performing and based on said shear modulus, strain tolerance and bending creep stiffness measurements.
- 43. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 37, further comprising:

 prior to said providing step, determining the rotational viscosity of at

 least one polymer-modified binder; and

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- selecting said binder for making said at least one asphalt mixture after performing and based on said rotational viscosity measurement.
- 44. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 37, further comprising:

 performing volumetric testing on said at least one asphalt mixture;

 and
 - selecting said asphalt mixture for said interlayer after performing said volumetric testing and based on volumetric performance of said at least one asphalt mixture.
- 45. (Currently Amended) A method of reconstructing a roadway, said method comprising:
 - providing at least one asphalt mixture comprised of a polymermodified binder and <u>hard</u> aggregate <u>wherein the hard aggregate</u> is present in the at least one asphalt mixture in an amount greater than about 15% by weight;

performing a stability test on said at least one asphalt mixture;

performing a fatigue test on said at least one asphalt mixture;

selecting an asphalt mixture for an interlayer after performing said stability and fatigue tests based on stability and fatigue performance of said at lease one asphalt mixture;

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- applying said selected asphalt mixture as said interlayer to said roadway;
- determining a desired thickness of an overlay to be applied to said interlayer based on traffic levels; and applying said overlay to said interlayer in said desired thickness.
- 46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said interlayer is applied at a temperature above about 140°F and is cooled to below about 140°F before applying said overlay.
- 47. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said roadway is comprised of Portland Concrete Cement.
- 48. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, further comprising: sweeping said roadway; and sealing cracks in said roadway before applying said interlayer.
- 49. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said overlay is at least about 1 inch thick.
- 50. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, further comprising: allowing traffic to drive on said interlayer before applying said overlay.

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- 51. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said overlay is comprised of hot mix asphalt.
- 52. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 51, wherein said overlay is further comprised of a SB/SBS polymer modified asphalt binder.
- 53. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, further comprising:

 performing volumetric testing on said at least one asphalt mixture;

 and
 - selecting said asphalt mixture for said interlayer after performing said volumetric testing and based on volumetric performance of said at least one asphalt mixture.
- 54. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 50, wherein said interlayer is cooled to below about 140°F before releasing said interlayer to traffic.
- 55. (Currently Amended) A method of making an interlayer for a roadway, comprising:
 - forming an asphalt mixture comprised of a polymer-modified asphalt binder and <u>hard</u> aggregate <u>wherein the hard aggregate is</u>

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present in the asphalt mixture in an amount greater than about 15% by weight, said asphalt mixture having a Hveem Stability at 60°C and 50 gyrations of at least about 18 and a Flexural Beam Fatigue of at least about 100,000 cycles at 2000 microstrains, 10 Hz, about 2-4% air voids, and at a temperature of about 0 to 30°C; and

forming an interlayer for a roadway from said asphalt mixture.

- 56. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 55, wherein said polymer-modified asphalt binder has a ductility of at least about 10 cm, at 4°C on RTFO residue at 5 cm/min strain rate, when using straight-sided molds.
- 57. (Currently Amended) A method of selecting an asphalt mixture for making an interlayer for a roadway, comprising:

performing a ductility test on at least one polymer-modified binder; selecting a binder for making an asphalt mixture after performing said ductility test and based on said ductility test;

providing at least one asphalt mixture comprised of said selected binder and <u>hard</u> aggregate <u>wherein the hard aggregate is</u> <u>present in the at least one asphalt mixture in an amount greater than about 15% by weight;</u>

performing a stability test on said at least one asphalt mixture;

performing a fatigue test on said at least one asphalt mixture; and

selecting an asphalt mixture for said interlayer after performing said

stability and fatigue tests based on stability and fatigue

performance of said at least one asphalt mixture.

- 58. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein said selected binder has a ductility of at least about 10 cm, at 4°C on RTFO residue at 5 cm/min strain rate, when using straight-sided molds.
- 59. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 58, wherein said selected asphalt mixture has a Hveem Stability at 60°C and 50 gyrations of at least about 18 and a Flexural Beam Fatigue of at least about 100,000 cycles at 2000 microstrains, 10 Hz, about2-4% air voids, and at a temperature of about 0 to 30°C.